Waiver of Service of Summons

TO:	Salvatore G.	Gangemi	
I V	acknowledge receipt of yonSteenburg v. NYACK	your request that I v Board of Education,	vaive service of a summons in the action of et al. , which is case number
	08 Civ. 61	91	in the United States District Court
for the _	Southern District	of New York	. I have also received a copy of the
			nd a means by which I can return the signed
waiver to	o you without cost to me.		
this laws	agree to save the cost of suit by not requiring that I in the manner provided by	(or the entity on whos	s and an additional copy of the complaint in se behalf I am acting) be served with judicial
lawsuit o	(or the entity on whose or to the jurisdiction or vos or in the service of the s	enue of the court exc	will retain all defenses or objections to the ept for objections based on a defect in the
I acting) i	understand that a judgme f an answer or motion und	der Rule 12 is not ser	ainst me (or the party on whose behalf I am ved upon you within 60 days after
	y 28, 2009,	or within 9	00 days after that date if the request was sent
outside t	the United States.	//	
8.8	20.68	Dell	
Date		Signature	D 11C Edua
		Printed/typed nat	me: Daniel G. Ecker
	{ as Attorney } { of Fletcher Johnson }		
		{ or <u>riet</u>	Augustus Julius

Duty to Avoid Unnecessary Costs of Service of Summons

Rule 4 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure requires certain parties to cooperate in saving unnecessary costs of service of the summons and complaint. A defendant who, after being notified of an action and asked to waive service of a summons, fails to do so will be required to bear the cost of such service unless good cause be shown for its failure to sign and return the waiver.

It is not good cause for a failure to waive service that a party believes that the complaint is unfounded, or that the action has been brought in an improper place or in a court that lacks jurisdiction over the subject matter of the action or even its person or property. A party who waives service of the summons retains all defenses and objections (except any relating to the summons or to the service of the summons), and may later object to the jurisdiction of the court or to the place where the action has been brought.

A defendant who waives service must within the time specified on the waiver form serve on the plaintiff's attorney (or unrepresented plaintiff) a response to the complaint and must also file a signed copy of the response with the court. If the answer or motion is not served within this time, a default judgment may be taken against the defendant. By waiving service, a defendant is allowed more time to answer than if the summons has been actually served when the request for waiver of service was received.

Effective A/o 12/1/93 in compliance with Federal Rules of Civil Procedure 4 SDNY Web 4/99